From: <u>dcrader@bankofmissouri.com</u>

To: <u>Director - FASB</u>

Subject: Comments on No. 1810-100, "Accounting for Financial Instruments and Revisions to the Accounting for

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" Exposure Draft

Date: Thursday, September 23, 2010 8:48:04 AM

David Crader 3427 William Street Cape Girardeau, MO 63701-9507

September 23, 2010

Russell Golden Technical Director, Financial Accounting Standards Board 401 Merritt 7 P.O. Box 5116 Norwalk, CT 06856-5116

Dear Mr. Golden:

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on FASB's Exposure Draft: Accounting for Financial Instruments and Revisions to the Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.

The accounting that would result from this proposal would greatly misrepresent the financial condition of our bank and other community banks.

Community banks fund their operations by taking deposits and holding loans for the long term. Most financial instruments this bank holds are not readily marketable.

We oppose the proposed accounting treatment for core deposits which calls for them to be regularly remeasured using a present value calculation. This would not provide accurate information and the calculations would be expensive and time consuming, particularly for smaller banks like ours that have limited staff resources to conduct the analysis.

We also oppose requiring fair value calculations for loans that are held for the long-term to collect cash flows.

Community banks such as this bank create and hold small business loans for which there is no active market; it would be very difficult and costly to mark them to market.

Conservative community bankers (and bank regulators) see the need for more flexibility in setting the allowance for loan and lease losses. We are all well aware that economic cycles occur and it is very difficult to absorbing losses and raising capital during times of economic difficulties, such as the current environment.

We are an 800 million dollar bank with thirteen locations in seven communities in Missouri. We operate predominately in small rural communities. We make loans that are held to maturity.

We have limited staff to engage in a new set of guidelines. The fluctuations in capital would be determental to our bank and would

absolutely serve no purpose whatsoever.

Accounting standards and guidance should not be pro-cyclical. Recent market conditions have demonstrated the pro-cyclical nature of mark-to-market accounting as declining values of financial instruments necessitated write-downs and sales, causing further write-downs and sales.

Respectfully,

David Crader (573) 335-3100