

Farmers Mutual Telephone Company

10-30-03

Mr. Robert H. Herz, Chairman Financial Accounting Standards Board 401 Merritt 7, P.O. Box 5116 Norwalk. CT 06856-5116 N012 Road 17 D Okolona, OH 43550 Phone 419-758-3322 FAX 419-758-3100 Email fmtc@bright.net

Dear Chairman Herz:

On behalf of Farmers Mutual Telephone Company and the 434 members of our Cooperative, I appreciate the opportunity to submit written comments on Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150 (SFAS 150).

I wish to express my concern regarding the severe impact that I believe SFAS 150 will have upon Farmers Mutual Telephone Company. I therefore urge that the Financial Accounting Standards Board reconsider its decision to make SFAS 150 applicable to nonpublic entities.

SFAS 150 required that issuers classify as a liability any financial instrument issued in the form of shares that is "mandatorily redeemable". A financial instrument is mandatorilly redeemable if it requires the insurer to redeem it by transferring its assets at a specified or determinable date upon an event that is certain to occur. Among such events are the death or termination of employment of an individual shareholder of the entity.

SFAS 150 also requires that the issuer recognize a loss at the time of redemption of the mandatorilly redeemable financial instrument in the form of shares equal to the excess of the amount of the redemption liability over the amount paid for the shares redeemed.

For years Farmers Mutual Telephone Company has had agreements with its shareholders obligating the Cooperative to redeem a shareholders' interest in the Cooperative when the shareholder dies, retires, or resigns. Frequently, these agreements represent the only means for owners of the Cooperative to realize the value for their interest other than through the sale of the entity. Moreover, the Cooperative itself represents the only source of assets available to enable departing shareholders to realize value for their interests.

Farmers Mutual Telephone Company has operated successfully for many years with redemption agreements in place, without having to recognize the effects of those arrangements directly on its balance sheets, and without creating any disclosure or other problems as to its financial condition.

Nearly seventy six percent of Farmers Mutual Telephone Company's equity is comprised of patronage capital. Reclassification of patronage capital from equity to debt may cause an immediate default of our RUS loan and RTFC loan covenants. We do not have the cash nor would we able to borrow necessary funds to pay down this debt should the lenders call these notes. Farmers Mutual Telephone Company has been in business for 99 years and now our very existence is question due to SFAS 150.

It appears that the practical effects on SFAS 150 is to wipe out the net worth of the entities that are parties to agreements with their owners, obligating the entity to redeem shares when its owners die or terminate their employment.

In short, while appreciating the benefit that SFAS 150 can provide in the context of public entities, I reiterate, SFAS 150 will have unduly harsh and unwarranted consequences when applied to telephone cooperatives, therefore, I respectfully urge the board to act promptly to reconsider or delay its decision to make SFAS 150 applicable to nonpublic entities.

Thank you for your consideration, and for providing the opportunity to submit this comment.

Sincerely,

Eric L. Damman, General Manager