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October 30, 2003

Mr. Robert H. Herz, Chairman
Financial Accounting Standards Board
401 Merritt 7, P.O.Box 5116
Norwalk, CT 06856-5116

Letter of Comment No: 82
File Reference: 1100-L.EU
Date Received: 10/30/03

Dear Chairman Herz:

On behalf of Taylor Telephone Cooperative, Inc. and our 7622 members, I appreciate the opportunity to submit written comments on Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150 (SFAS 150).

I wish to express my concern regarding the severe impact that I believe SFAS 150 will have upon Taylor Telephone. I therefore urge that the Financial Accounting Standards Board reconsider its decision to make SFAS 150 applicable to nonpublic entities.

SFAS 150 requires that issuers classify as a liability any financial instrument issued in the form of shares that is "mandatorily redeemable." A financial instrument is mandatorily redeemable if it requires the insurer to redeem it by transferring its assets at a specified or determinable date upon an event that is certain to occur. Among such events are the death or termination of employment of an individual shareholder of the entity.

SFAS 150 also requires that the issuer recognize a loss at the time of redemption of the mandatorily redeemable financial instrument in the form of shares equal to the excess of the amount of the redemption liability over the amount paid for the shares redeemed.

For years Taylor Telephone has had agreements with its shareholders obligating the cooperative to redeem a shareholder's interest in the cooperative when the shareholder dies, retires or resigns. Frequently, these agreements represent the only means for owners of the cooperative to realize the value for their interest other than through the sale of the entity. Moreover, the cooperative itself represents the only source of assets available to enable departing shareholders to realize value for their interests.

Taylor Telephone has operated successfully for many years with redemption agreements in place, without having to recognize the effects of these arrangements directly on its balance sheets, and without creating any disclosure or other problems as to its financial condition.

Taylor Telephone has strived to provide the most advanced technologies with the capital provided by its members since its inception and with the introduction of SFAS 150, the ability to acquire RUS Funding or loans from the private sector would be severely hampered by reducing our net worth. The introduction of SFAS 150 could possible change our ability to provide profits back to our members during the active years.

It appears that the practical effects on SFAS 150 is to wipe out the net worth of the entities that are parties to agreements with their owners, obligating the entity to redeem shares when its owners die or terminate their employment.

In short, while appreciating the benefit that SFAS 150 can provide in the context of public entities, I reiterate, SFAS 150 will have unduly harsh and unwarranted consequences when applied to telephone cooperatives, therefore, I respectfully urge the board to act promptly to reconsider or delay its decision to make SFAS 150 applicable to nonpublic entities.

Thank you for your consideration, and for providing the opportunity to submit this comment.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Thomas Hyde". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping initial "T".

Thomas Hyde
General Manager